MODULE HANDBOOK

| Module Name | Spectroscopy and Chromatography Method |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Module level | Bachelor |
| Abbreviation, if applicable | - |
| Sub-heading, if applicable | - |
| Course included in the | - |
| module, if applicable | |
| Semester/term | 5 th /Third Year |
| Module coordinator(s) | Dr. Nita Kusumawati, M.Sc. |
| Lecturer(s) | 1. Dr. Pirim Setiarso, M.Si; |
| | 2. Dr. Maria Monica Sianita, M.Si; |
| | 3. Prof. Dr. Titik Taufikurohmah, M.Si. |
| Language | Indonesian |
| Classification within the | Compulsory Course |
| curriculum | |
| Teaching format/class | 3 hours lecturers (50 min per hour) |
| hours per week during the | |
| semester: | |
| Workload: | 1 CU for bachelor degree equals to 3 workhours per week or |
| | 170 minutes (50' face to face learning, 60' structured learning, |
| | and 60' independent learning). In one semester, courses are |
| | conducted in 14 weeks (excluding mid and end-term exam). |
| | Thus, 1 CU equals to 39.67 workhours per semester. One CU |
| | equals to 1.59 ECTS. |
| Credit points: | 3 CU = 3 x 1.59 = 4.77 ECTS |
| Prerequisites course(s): | - |
| Targeted learning outcomes: | 1. Students have knowledge of chemical analysis qualitatively and quantitatively in terms of chemical |
| | structure, energetics and analysis based on the working |
| | principles of several spectrophotometer and |
| | chromatography instruments. |
| | 2. Students have the ability to collaborate and are responsible |
| | for conducting qualitative and quantitative chemical |
| | analysis on several Spectrophotometer and |
| | Chromatography instruments. |
| | 3. Students have the skills to use the Spectrophotometer and |
| | Chromatography instruments in conducting chemical |
| | analysis qualitatively and quantitatively. |
| | 4. Students have the ability to communicate the results of |
| | chemical analysis qualitatively and quantitatively on |
| | several Spectrophotometer and Chromatography |
| | instruments. |
| Content: | Orientation of all analytical chemistry IV; UV & UV-Visible Spectrometry: |
| | 3. Atomic Absorption & Fluorescence Spectrometry |
| | 4. Infra-red Spectrometry: |
| | 5. Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR) spectrometry: |
| | 6. Mass Spectrometry (MS); |

| | 7. Gas Chromatography (GC); |
|----------------------------|---|
| | 8. High Perfomance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC). |
| Study / exam achievements: | Students are considered to be competent and pass if at least |
| | get 55 |
| | Final score is calculated as follows: 20% participation + 30% |
| | assignment + 20% middle exam (UTS) & 30% final exam |
| | (UAS) |
| | Table index of graduation |
| | • A = 4 ($85 \le -2100$) |
| | • A- = 3,75 (80 ≤-< 85) |
| | • $B + = 3,5 \ (75 \le -80)$ |
| | • B = 3 (70 $\leq -<$ 75) |
| | • B- = 2,75 (65 ≤-<75) |
| | • C+ = 2,5 (60 ≤-<65) |
| | • C = 2 (55 $\leq - < 60$) |
| | • D = 1 (40 $\leq - < 55$) |
| | • E = 0 (0 $\leq - < 40$) |
| Media: | Computer, LCD, White board |
| Learning Methods | Individuals assignment, group assignment, discussion, |
| | presentation, and practicum |
| Literature: | 1. Harvey, D. 2000. Modern Analytical Chemistry. Int. Ed. |
| | Singapore: Mc.Graw Hill |
| | 2. Sawyer, Heineman, and Beebe, 1984, Chemistry |
| | Experiments for Instrumental Methods, New York : John |
| | Wiley & Sons |
| | 3. Ewing G.W, 1981, Instrumental Methods Of Chemical |
| | Analysis, International Student Edition, Tokyo: McGraw- |
| | Hill Kogakusha Ltd |
| | 4. Skoog, D.A, 1980, Principles Of Instrumental Analysis, ed |
| | II, Tokyo: HoltSounders Japan |