## **MODULE HANDBOOK**

Modul Name	Conserv	ation of Natural Resources and Environment
Module Level	Bachelor	
Abbreviation, if applicable	8420402	
Sub-heading, if applicable	-	115
Course included in the	_	
module, if applicable		
Semester/term	2 <sup>nd</sup> /First	year
Modul coordinator(s)		rlis, S.Pd., M.Si.
Lecturer(s)	Prof. Dr.	Titik Taufikurohmah, M.Si.
	Dr. Mita	rlis, S.Pd., M.Si.
	Dr. Yuli	ani, M.Si.
		ibarwati, S.Si., M.Sc.
		Frimulyono, S.Si., M.Sc.
Language		ndonesia
Classification within the	Compuls	sory course
curriculum	_	
Teaching format/class hours	2 hours	ectures (50 min / hour)
per week during the semester		
Workload		r bachelor degree equals to 3 workhours per week or
		utes (50' face to face learning, 60' structured learning,
		independent learning). In one semester, courses are
		ed in 14 weeks (excluding mid and end-term exam). CU equals to 39.67 workhours per semester. One CU
		1.59 ECTS.
Credit point		$2 \times 1.59 = 3.18 \text{ ECTS}$
Prerequisite course(s)	-	
Targeted learning outcomes:	CLO1	Students have ability to apply logical, critical,
		systematic and innovative thinking in the context of
		developing or implementing science and technology
		that pays attention to and applies humanities values.
	CLO 2	Students have ability to produce correct conclusions
		based on the results of identification that have been
		made and be able to apply skills in educating,
		researching, and managing in the administration of
		chemistry education.
	CLO 3	
	CLO 3	Students be able to master the theoretical concepts
	CLO 3	
	CLO 3	Students be able to master the theoretical concepts (knowledge) about the functions and roles of chemical education laboratories, the basics of
	CLO 3	Students be able to master the theoretical concepts (knowledge) about the functions and roles of chemical education laboratories, the basics of chemical laboratory development planning, and
	CLO 3	Students be able to master the theoretical concepts (knowledge) about the functions and roles of chemical education laboratories, the basics of
	CLO 3	Students be able to master the theoretical concepts (knowledge) about the functions and roles of chemical education laboratories, the basics of chemical laboratory development planning, and management of chemical laboratory equipment and
	CLO 3	Students be able to master the theoretical concepts (knowledge) about the functions and roles of chemical education laboratories, the basics of chemical laboratory development planning, and management of chemical laboratory equipment and materials procurement as well as the principles of K3

	CLO 4 Students have a responsible attitude by applying an understanding of laboratory organization material in carrying out lectures and daily practicum and assignments on the field in the future.
Content:	<ol> <li>Scope of conservation which includes: Definition, objectives, benefits and efforts to conserve natural resources and the environment (SDAL);</li> <li>Environmental ethics, which includes: Definition, Paradigm, and Environmental Ethical Principles;</li> <li>Natural resources which include: Definition, types and benefits of Natural Resources;</li> <li>Local wisdom which includes: Definition, approach, challenges and local wisdom in people's lives in the future;</li> <li>Management and problems of natural resources and the environment which include: issues, problems and management of natural resources and the environment;</li> <li>Level of biodiversity (community / habitat, species, genetic) and its conservation efforts</li> <li>Conscious conservation which includes awareness of the importance of conservation of natural resources and the environment,</li> <li>Eco campus movement and conservation campus.</li> </ol>
Study / exam achievements:	Students are considered to be competent and pass if at least get 55 Final score is calculated as follows: 20% participation + 30% assignment + 20% middle exam (UTS) & 30% final exam (UAS) Table index of graduation • A = 4 ( $85 \le -2 100$ ) • A- = 3,75 ( $80 \le -< 85$ ) • B+ = 3,5 ( $75 \le -< 80$ ) • B = 3 ( $70 \le -< 75$ ) • B- = 2,75 ( $65 \le -<75$ ) • C+ = 2,5 ( $60 \le -<65$ ) • C = 2 ( $55 \le -<60$ ) • D = 1 ( $40 \le -<55$ ) • E = 0 ( $0 \le -<40$ )
Media:	Computer, LCD, White board, chemicals and equipment in laboratory for doing practicum
Learning Methods	Individuals assignment, group assignment, discussion, presentation, and practicum
Literature:	<ol> <li>Hamzah, S. 2010. Pendidikan Lingkungan. Sekelumit Wawasan Pengantar. Bandung: PT RefikaAditama.</li> <li>Indrawan, M; Primack, R.B; Supriatna, J. 2007. Biologi Konservasi. Jakarta: Yayasan Obor Indonesia.</li> </ol>

3. Iskandar, Z.I. 2012. Psikologi Lingkungan. Teori dan
Konsep. Bandung: PT Refika Aditama.
4. Keraf, A.S. 2010. Etika Lingkungan Hidup. Jakarta:
Penerbit BukuKompas.
5. Marfai, M.A. 2013. Pengantar Etika Lingkungan dan
Karifan Lokal. Yogyakarta: Gadjah Mada University
Press
6. Cluras, D. D. and Reganold, J.P. 2010. Natural Resources
Conservation Future. Washington: Washington State
University.
7. Mitchell, B; Setiawan, B; Rahmi, D.H. Pengelolaan
Sumber daya dan Lingkungan. Yogyakarta: Gadjah Mada
University Press.
8. Suparmoko, M. 2013. Ekonomi Sumber Daya Alam dan
Lingkungan. Suatu Pendekatan Teoritis. Yogyakarta:
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