## **MODULE HANDBOOK**

Module Name	Main Elements of Inorganic Chemistry
Module Level	Bachelor
Abbreviation, if	8420402114
applicable	
Sub-heading, if	-
applicable	
Course included in the	-
module, if applicable	
Semester/term	6 <sup>th</sup> / third year
Module coordinator(s)	Dina Kartika Maharani, S.Si., M.Sc
Lecturer(s)	1. Dr. Achmad Lutfi, M.Pd.
	2. Dr. Muchlis, M.Pd.
	3. Dina Kartika M., S.Si., M.Sc,
	4. Kusumawati Dwiningsih, S.Pd., M.Pd.
-	5. Rusly Hidayah, S.Si., M.Pd.
Language	Bahasa Indonesia
Classification within	Compulsory Course
the curriculum	
Teaching format/class hours	3 hours lectures (50 min / hour)
per week during	
the semester	
Workload	1 CU for bachelor degree equals to 3 workhours per week or 170 minutes (50' face to face learning, 60' structured learning, and 60' independent learning). In one semester, courses are conducted in 14 weeks (excluding mid and end- term exam). Thus, 1 CU equals to 39.67 workhours per
	semester. One CU equals to 1.59 ECTS.
Credit point	3 CU = 3 x 1.59 = 4.77 ECTS
Prerequisite Course(s)	General Chemistry II
Learning Outcomes	General Competence (knowledge):
	Students can mastering theoretical concepts on the structure,
	dynamics and energy of chemicals, as well as the basic
	principles of separation analysis synthesis and
	characterization of main group elements
	enaracterization of main group elements
	<b>Specific Competence</b> : At the end of the lecture, students can understand the position, physico-chemical properties, laboratory manufacture, types of compounds and their uses of Alkali Metals, Alkaline Earth metals, Boron, Carbon, Nitrogen, Oxygen, Halogens, Noble Gases.

Content	Course materials discuss the understanding of Role and status of theory in Inorganic chemistry, Origin of elements, Classification of elements in the periodic system; Hydrogen and its compounds: Position in the periodic table, Physical and chemical properties, Isotopes of hydrogen, Hybrids of
	elements, Water and related matters; Source and extraction,
	physico-chemical properties and uses, manufacture,
	Boron, Carbon, Nitrogen, Oxygen, Halogens, Noble Gases
Study/exam achievements	Students are considered to be competent and pass if at least get 55
	Final score is calculated as follows: 20% assignment + 30% Task + 20%
	Table index of graduation
	• A = $4(85 \le 100)$
	• A- = 3,75 (80 ≤-< 85)
	• $B + = 3.5 (75 \le -80)$
	• B = 3 ( $70 \le -<75$ )
	• B- = 2,75 (65 ≤-<75)
	• $C+=2,5 \ (60 \le -<65)$
	• C = 2 (55 $\leq - < 60$ )
	• D = 1 (40 $\leq - < 55$ )
	• $E = 0 (0 \le -40)$
Forms of media	Computer, LCD, White board
Learning Methods	Lectures, discussion, assignment
Literature	1. Lee, J.D. 1991. Concise Inorganic Chemistry. Four
	Edition. London: Chapman & Hall.
	2. Madan, R.D. 1997. Modern Inorganic Chemistry. New
	Delhi: S. Chand and Company LDT.
	3. Sugiarto, B. dkk. 1997. Kimia Anorganik. Surabaya:
	Unipress IKIP Surabaya.
	4. Perry, Dale L. 2011. Handbook of Inorganic Compounds,
	Second Edition (Hardcover) – May 18, 2011. ISBN-13:
	000-1439814619 ISBN-10: 14398146